ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHEI	ADVERSARY PROCEI	EDING NUMBER		
(Instructions on Reverse)	(Court Use Only)			
(Histiactions on reverse)				
PLAINTIFFS	DEFENDANTS			
HU-HANTWO LLC, DERIVATIVELY ON BEHALF	ARIMAN SEYED TEYMOURIAN; 2700 MIDDLEF			
OF 201 EL CAMINO REAL, LLC	FUNDING, INC.; BAYTECH HOLDINGS, LLC; DOES 1-50; AND JANINA M. HOSKINS AS CHAPTER 7 TRUSTEE OF 201 EL CAMINO REAL, LLC, NOMINAI DEFENDANT			
OF 201 EL GAIVINO REAL, LEG				
ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.)	ATTORNEYS (If Known)			
Michael B. Lubic (SBN 122591); Kevin S. Asfour (SBN 228993);				
Rachel Berman (SBN 352237); K&L GATES LLP, 10100 Santa Monica Boulevard, Eighth Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90067 Tel. (310) 552-5000				
	NAPIW (CL. 10. P. 0.1)			
PARTY (Check One Box Only) Debtor U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin	PARTY (Check One Box Only) Debtor U.S. Trustee/Ban	Izzantov Admin		
Creditor	Creditor Cother	кі прісу Апіші		
Trustee	Trustee			
CAUSE OF ACTION (WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUS	OF ACTION INCLUDING ALLUS S	FATUTES INVOLVED)		
Avoidance and Recovery of Fraudulent Transfers, 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(A)(B); Avoidance and Recovery of Fraudulent Transfers,				
11 U.S.C. § 544(b); Cal. Civ. Code §§ 3934 et seq.; Avoidance and Recovery of Fraudulent Transfers, 11 U.S.C. § 544(b); Cal. Civ. Code §§ 3934 et seq.				
NATURE (SUIT			
(Number up to five (5) boxes starting with lead cause of action as 1		ive cause as 3 etc.)		
FRBP 7001(1) – Recovery of Money/Property	RBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability (continued)			
11-Recovery of money/property - §542 turnover of property 12-Recovery of money/property - §547 preference	61-Dischargeability - §523(a)(5), domestics 68-Dischargeability - §523(a)(6), willful and	= =		
13-Recovery of money/property - §548 fraudulent transfer	63-Dischargeability - §523(a)(8), student loan			
14-Recovery of money/property - other	64-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(15), divorce			
FRBP 7001(2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien	(other than domestic support) 65-Dischargeability - other FRBP 7001(7) – Injunctive Relief 71-Injunctive relief – imposition of stay			
21-Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property				
FRBP 7001(3) – Approval of Sale of Property				
31-Approval of sale of property of estate and of a co-owner - §363(h)	72-Injunctive relief – other			
FRBP 7001(4) – Objection/Revocation of Discharge	FRBP 7001(8) Subordination of Claim or Int	area t		
41-Objection / revocation of discharge - \$727(c),(d),(e)	_	erest		
FRBP 7001(5) – Revocation of Confirmation	81-Subordination of claim or interest			
51-Revocation of confirmation	FRBP 7001(9) Declaratory Judgment 91-Declaratory judgment			
FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability				
66-Dischargeability - \$523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims	FRBP 7001(10) Determination of Removed A			
62-Dischargeability - §523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation,	101-Determination of removed claim or cause	se		
actual fraud	Other			
67-Dischargeability - §523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement, larceny	SS-SIPA Case – 15 U.S.C. §§78aaa et.seq.			
(continued next column)	 02-Other (e.g. other actions that would hav if unrelated to bankruptcy case) 	e been brought in state court		
■ Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law	Check if this is asserted to be a clas	s action under FRCP23		
☐ Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint	Demand \$ 2,600,000			
Other Relief Sought	_,_,_,			

B1040 (FORM 1040) (12/15)

BANKRUPTCY CASE IN WHICH THIS ADVERSARY PROCEEDING ARISES				
NAMEOF DEBTOR 201 EL CAMINO REAL, LLC		BANKRUPTCY CASE NO. 3:23-bk-30465-DM		
DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING Northern District of California		DIVISION OFFICE San Francisco	NAMEOF JUDGE Dennis Montali	
RELATED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (IF ANY)				
PLAINTIFF	DEFENDAN	Γ	ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NO.	
DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDING		DIVISION OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)				
/s/ Michael B. Lubic				
DATE			W (OD DI A DITHEE)	
DATE		PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)		
September 29, 2025		Michael B. Lubic		

INSTRUCTIONS

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also must complete and file Form 1040, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system(CM/ECF). (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 1040 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheets ummarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The clerk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

Plaintiffs and Defendants. Give the names of the plaintiffs and defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and the second column for the defendants.

Demand. Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

Signature. This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the boxon the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is prose, that is, not represented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.